Year 3- National Curriculum Science Objectives/possible ideas - 2017/18	
Shipwrecked	Musical Minds
Animals including humans	Asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific
Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and	enquiries to answer them.
amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they	Setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests.
get nutrition from what they eat.	Making systematic and careful observations and where appropriate
	taking accurate measurements (units of sound- drawings, labelled
Identify that humans and some animals have skeletons and muscles	diagrams – relate to sound)?
for support, protection and movement.	
How to train a dragon	I can change the world
Rocks	
	Forces and Magnets
Compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of	Compare how things move on different surfaces.
their appearance and simple physical properties.	Notice that some forces need contacts between two objects, but
	magnetic forces can act at a distance.
Describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that	Observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some
have lived are trapped within rock.	materials and not others.
Recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter.	Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the
	basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some
	magnetic materials.
	Describe magnets as having two poles
	Bookst hothers a second at the standard and a few to
	Predict whether two magnets will attract or repel each other,
	depending on which poles are facing.

Into the woods

Plants

Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers.

Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant.

Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants.

Explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering parts, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal.

<u>Superheroes</u>

Recognise that they need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light.

Notice that light reflected from surfaces.

Recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are many ways to protect their eyes.

Recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by a solid object

Find Patterns in the way that the size of shadows change.