#### <u>Kestrels Home Learning Wednesday 1<sup>st</sup> July</u> <u>Weekly tasks to do when possible:</u>

Grammar: Write some sentences with modal verbs (check the Grammar slide for a definition)

Spelling: Practise writing words with the suffixes ful, ment, ness and less and then cover them and rewrite them, look at the slides for extra activities.

Arithmetic: Mental methods for addition and subtraction see the following slides for practice.

Please make sure you are reading daily, for at least 20 minutes.

#### Mexico Activities for the week!

I have suggested some activities below which are suitable for a Year 5/6 class but can also be done by younger children with some help.

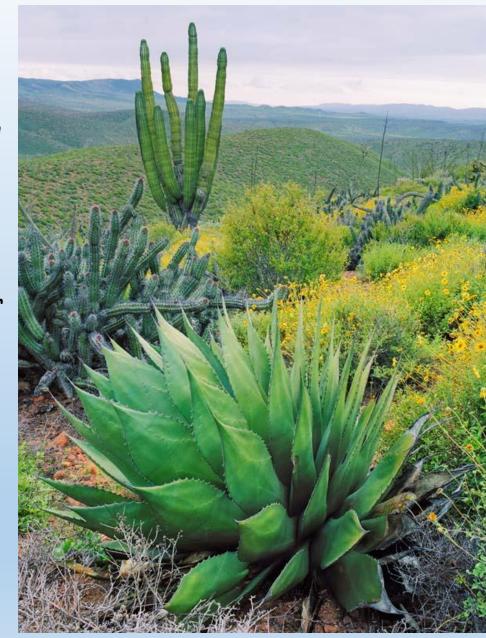
Choose the activities you would most like to do and present them creatively! You can present your work however you like, for example, in the form of artwork, a scrapbook, a PowerPoint.

Our weekly focus for this week is Culture and tradition.

Please see the next slide for the activities.

#### Suggested activities for the week:

- Learn some numbers/ greetings in Spanish. There are some great videos on YouTube for this and the free language learning app Duolingo has a course in Spanish (this app is excellent!).
- Mexican Spanish is slightly different to Spanish from mainland Spain, can you find out more about this?
- Research the traditional sports of Mexico and present these as a poster or try some yourself (unless they are dangerous!)
- Try some Mexican food. There are lots of Mexican dishes in our local supermarkets!
- Research the main religions in Mexico.
- Research the Mayans! What happened to them? Have they influenced any of modern Mexico?
- Research the clothing in Mexico and design your own traditional outfit.
- In England we have the monarchy and government. Is this the same as Mexico? Do they have any laws which are different?
- Is there anyone who is famous who was born in Mexico?



Grammar: Write some sentences with modal verbs.

Modal verbs come before another verb and tell us how possible / likely something is

Spot the modal verbs:

He **could** go home but he **must** finish this first.

# **Spelling Rule Explanation**

Suffixes are added to the end of a root word.

end<u>less</u> move<u>ment</u> use<u>ful</u> dark<u>ness</u>

**less:** without **ment:** action / process

ful: full of ness: state of being

For <u>root words</u> ending in 'y':

**CHANGE IT or KEEP IT!** 

enjoy > enjoiment or enjoyment? Why?

happy > happiness or happyness? Why?

## **Examples**

Where have I just added the suffix?
Which root words would have ended in 'y'?

care<u>less</u> sick<u>ness</u> power<u>ful</u> enjoy<u>ment</u>
treat<u>ment</u> penni<u>less</u> angri<u>ness</u> pain<u>ful</u>
help<u>ful</u> move<u>ment</u> harm<u>less</u> silli<u>ness</u>

THINK: Which root words could you add a different suffix too? *less / ment / ful / ness* 

#### **Practice**

Decide which suffix can be added: *less, ment, ful, ness*.

**REMEMBER:** If it ends in 'y' CHANGE IT or KEEP IT!

**Starter** 

hope (+less)

power (+ful)

kind (+ness)

state (+ment)

point (+less)

**Challenge 1** 

help

pay

peace

happy

punish

**Challenge 2** 

employ

delight

Ionely

invest

mercy

**THINK:** How many have more than one answer?

## **Further examples**

#### <u>less</u>

end

use

home

hope

help

harm

point

care

fear

speech

spot

mind

(after a 'y')

joy

penny

mercy

#### ment

govern develop

manage

move

depart

agree

treat

state

invest

pay

punish

(after a 'y')

pay

employ

enjoy

accompany

#### <u>ful</u>

success

use

help

wonder

power

care

hand

pain

peace

dread

delight

(after a 'y')

beauty

mercy

joy play

#### ness

aware

dark

weak

sick

fit

sad

good

kind

fair

bright mad

(after a 'y')

happy lonely empty

dizzy

#### Note

Some words can take more than one of these suffixes.

E.g. joyless, joyful.

Some of these root words can also take several suffixes at the same time.

E.g. peacefulness, carelessness

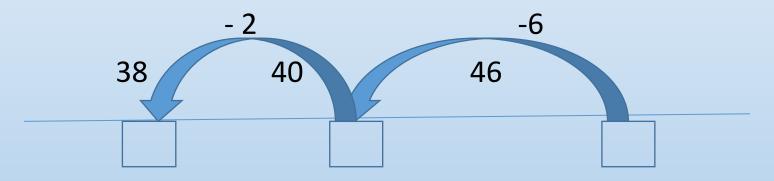
#### **Exceptions**

Some root words with one syllable keep the 'y' before a suffix.

E.g. shyness, dryness.

# Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20

Calculate 46 - 8. Tom solved this calculation using two jumps on a number line. How did he do it?

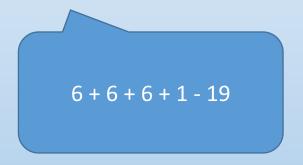


Fill in the missing numbers to show your understanding

# Adding and subtracting numbers mentally.

$$6 + 6 + 7$$
.

What is the most efficient way to solve this calculation?



Double 6 = 12 12 + 7 = 19

# Adding and subtracting numbers mentally.

103 - 98

What is the most efficient way to solve this calculation?

I counted up from 98 to 100 and then from 100 to 103 giving me my answer of 5

I subtracted 98 from 100 and then added the 3 giving me my answer of 5

# Adding and subtracting numbers mentally

I knew I would need 3 ones to get to the next multiple of 10 but that only got me to 30 so I needed to add another 10 to get to 40. My answer is 13

I knew I needed to add the two numbers together so I doubled 6 and added 50 to get to 62

I counted up to 60 which was 6 and then 4 tens to get to 100. My answer is 46.

I subtracted 50 from 100 and then subtracted 4 from 50 to get 46

#### **Maths**

### L.O: To identify different types of angles.

When looking at different shapes, each shape is made up of angles. Some of these angles may be acute, a right-angle, obtuse, a straight line or a reflex. Can you remember what each of these angles look like? How many degrees does an angle need to be to acute or obtuse? Your challenge today is to create an informative poster on the different types of angles to help you and others remember them and how to spot them! Can you include how many degrees are in a full turn?

# English - L.O. To read to the end of page 44 of Holes.

Just some reading today!

I hope you are enjoying the book!

This would be a really good point to write some predictions of what might happen in the book.

Alternatively, you could write a brief synopsis of the plot so far to share with someone else!