Key Learning

- Add and subtract numbers mentally, including:
- a three-digit number and ones
- a three-digit number and tens
- a three-digit number and hundreds
- Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of column addition and subtraction
- Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers
- Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both $£$ and p in practical contexts
- Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction

| Key Vocabulary |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Add | Plus, increase, total, sum, more, all together |
| Subtract | Take away, minus, difference, less, decrease, left |
| Exchange | For example, exchanging (swapping) a ten for 10 <br> ones. |
| Carry Over | For example, carrying over 10 ones to the tens <br> column. |
| Partition | Splitting large numbers into smaller units. |
|  <br> Pence | 1 pound is equal to 100 pence. |
| Change | The difference between the amount of money <br> you have and the cost of the item. |
| Estimate | Roughly work out the answer. |
| Inverse | Use the opposite operation. Subtraction is the inverse <br> of addition. |

Practical resources

$\square$

Place value grid
Base ten


Part Whole Model
Coins


Compensation:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 17+9=17+10-1=26 \\
& 26+11=26+10+1=37
\end{aligned}
$$

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$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$

Place value counters

Compensation:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 17-9=17-10+1=8 \\
& 26-11=26-10-1=15
\end{aligned}
$$

