

Primary Maths Place Value – Year 5





Partitioning involves breaking a number up into the separate values of its digits. 245.678 = 200 + 40 + 5 + 0.6 + 0.07 + 0.008



Comparing and ordering numbers

To order a set of numbers, we need to compare the place value of the digits, working from **left to right**. Example: place the following numbers in descending order:

5.6 5.16 5.5

Starting from the left column (the ones), all of the numbers have the same number of ones, so we move to the next column to the right (the tenths). The value of each of the tenths is different, so I can place them as follows:

5.6 (largest number of tenths), 5.5, 5.16 (even though it has 6 hundredths, it is still the smallest, as it only has 1 tenth).

